

Attachment No.1

Draft Woodland Management By-law No. 2026-XX

Township of Cavan Monaghan

By-law No. 2026-XX

Being a By-law to prohibit or regulate the destruction or injuring of trees in the Township of Cavan Monaghan

Whereas Section 270(1.7) of the Municipal act requires the Township to adopt and maintain policies with respect to the manner in which the municipality will protect and enhance the tree canopy and natural vegetation in the municipality;

Whereas Section 135(1) of the Municipal Act, 2001, SO 2001, c. 25, permits the enactment of a by-law by local Municipalities to prohibit or regulate the destruction or injuring of trees;

Whereas Section 135(2) of the Municipal Act, 2001, S.O. 2001, c. 25, provides that an upper-tier municipality may by by-law prohibit or regulate the destruction or injuring of trees in woodlands designated in the by-law;

Whereas Section 135(8) of the Municipal Act, 2001, S.O. 2001, c. 25, provides that an upper-tier municipality may delegate all or part of its power to pass a by-law respecting the destruction or injuring of trees in woodlands to one or more of its lower-tier municipalities with the agreement of the lower-tier municipality or municipalities, as the case may be.

Whereas County of Peterborough Council, being the upper-tier municipality, passed By-law No. 2020-79 delegating power respecting the destruction or injuring of trees in woodlands to certain lower-tier municipalities;

Whereas Section 135(7) of the Municipal Act, 2001, S.O. 2001, c. 25, provides that the By-law may require that a permit be obtained to injure or destroy trees in woodlands as designated in the By-law and impose conditions on a permit, including conditions relating to the manner in which destruction occurs and the qualification of persons authorized to injure or destroy trees;

And Whereas section 434.1(1) of the Municipal Act, 2001, S.O. 2001, c. 25, provides that a municipality may require a person, subject to such conditions as the municipality considers appropriate, to pay an administrative penalty if the municipality is satisfied that the person has failed to comply with a by-law of the municipality passed under this Act;

Now Therefore, the Council of The Township of Cavan Monaghan hereby enacts as follows:

1. PURPOSE GOALS AND OBJECTIVES

1.1 The purpose, goals and objectives of this By-law include:

- a) the conserving and improving the woodlands in the Township of Cavan Monaghan through good forestry practices;
- b) promoting good forestry practices that sustain healthy woodlands and related natural habitats and environments;
- c) controlling the clear cutting of trees;
- d) contributing to human health, recreation, enjoyment and quality of life through the maintenance of woodland cover;
- e) supporting the objective of the Township Official Plan to protect significant woodlands
- f) supporting the objective of the Township Official Plan to protect the Oak Ridges Moraine for its unique landform characteristics, its significant function of groundwater recharge and discharge, its significant natural heritage features and their ecological functions and identify a continuous natural heritage system throughout the Township;
- g) supports Strategic Plan Priority No. 3: Environmental Sustainability, Objective No. 3 to continue to support natural heritage system features and integrate natural heritage protections into future planning initiatives and
- h) supports Strategic Plan Priority No. 3: Environmental Sustainability, Objective No. 4 to enhance reforestation efforts and enhance the tree replacement and planting program to increase tree canopy coverage.

2. DEFINITIONS

"Agricultural uses" means the growing of crops, including nursery, biomass, and horticultural crops; raising of livestock; raising of other animals for food, fur or fibre, including poultry and fish; aquaculture; apiaries; agro-forestry; maple syrup production; and associated on-farm buildings and structures, including, but not limited to livestock facilities, manure storages, value-retaining facilities, and accessory farm employee accommodation when the size and nature of the operation requires additional employment, but does not include a cannabis production facility;

"Agriculture-related uses" means those farm-related commercial and farm-related industrial uses that are directly related to farm operations in the area, support agriculture, benefit from being in close proximity to farm operations, and provide direct products and/or services to farm operations as a primary activity;

“Administrative Penalty” means an administrative penalty pursuant to AMPS By-law for Non-Parking Offences 20XX-XX, as amended

“Building Permit” means a building permit issued by the Municipality under the Ontario Building Code Act, 1992 S.O. 1992, c23, as amended;

“Clear Cutting” means the removal of all trees within a portion of a woodland where the area to be cleared is in excess of 0.2 hectares (0.5 acres);

“Conservation Authority” means a conservation authority established by or under the Conservation Authorities Act, R.S.O. 1990, c. C.27;

“Cord” means a pile of healthy, live wood that when stacked, measures 3.63 cubic metres (128 cubic feet) in volume;

“DBH” or “Diameter at Breast Height” means the diameter of the stem of a tree measured at a point that is 1.37 metres (4.5 feet) above the ground;

“Diameter” means the diameter of the stem of a tree measured at a specified point of measurement with such measurement including the bark of the stem;

“Environmental Impact Study” (“EIS”) means an analysis performed by a qualified person with current knowledge in the field of biology, ecology, hydrology or other specialty as required by specific circumstances that inventories and assesses the potential impact of a development on natural heritage features and areas, and their ecological function and makes recommendations for measures to ensure that the proposed development has no negative impacts on those features and areas and their ecological functions;

“Farmer” means a person who has a current and valid farm registration number under the Farm Registration and Farm Organizations Funding Act, 1993, S.O. 1993, c. 21, as amended;

“Forest Management Plan” means a course of forest management action prescribed for a particular woodland area after specific assessments and evaluations have been made by a qualified OPFA Member in accordance with the Ontario Ministry of Natural Resources document “A Silvicultural Guide to Managing Southern Ontario Forests”, as amended from time to time;

“Fence Row” means a narrow linear strip of trees that defines a laneway or boundary between fields or properties;

“Good Forestry Practices” means the proper implementation of harvest, renewal and maintenance activities known to be appropriate for the forest and environmental conditions under which they are being applied and that minimize detriments to forest values, including: significant ecosystems; important fish and wildlife habitat; soil and water quality and quantity; forest productivity and health; and the aesthetic and recreational

opportunities of the landscape;

“Harvesting” means the injury or destruction of a tree through cutting or other mechanized means;

“Injury” or “Destruction” means lasting damage to a tree that has the effect of inhibiting or terminating growth but does not include pruning or removing branches for maintenance purposes;

“Municipality” means the Township of Cavan Monaghan;

“Natural Heritage Features and Areas” means features and areas, including significant wetlands, significant coastal wetlands, fish habitat, significant woodlands south and east of the Canadian Shield, significant valleylands south and east of the Canadian Shield, significant habitat of endangered species and threatened species, significant wildlife habitat, and significant areas of natural and scientific interest, which are important for their environmental and social values as a legacy of the natural landscapes of an area;

“Normal Farm Practice” means a practice that is recognized by the Normal Farm Practices Board which is conducted in a manner consistent with proper and acceptable customs and standards, as established and followed by similar agricultural operations under similar circumstances, or makes use of innovative technology in a manner consistent with proper advanced farm management practices;

“Officer” means a Municipally appointed By-law Enforcement Officer. The Officer shall have the responsibility for administering and enforcing this By-law;

“Own Use” means a use that does not include the commercial sale, exchange or other disposition of injured or destroyed trees;

“Point of Measurement” means the point on a tree trunk measured above the highest point at which the ground meets the tree. For coppice growth the point of measurement shall be at the point on the tree trunk where the tree stems separate provided that such point of separation is less than 1.37 metres (4.5 feet) from where the ground meets the tree;

“Registered Professional Forester” means a Registered Professional Forester or Associate Member of the Ontario Professional Foresters Association under the Professional Foresters Act 2000, c.18, as amended;

“Sensitive Natural Area” means areas within:

- a) **Significant woodlands** being an area which is ecologically important in terms of features such as species composition, age of trees and stand history; functionally important due to its contribution to the broader landscape because of its location, size or due to the amount of forest cover in the planning area; or economically important due to site quality, species

composition, or past management history, as identified using criteria and procedures established by the Province;

- b) **Provincially or regionally significant wetlands** being an area identified as provincially significant using evaluation criteria and procedures established by the Province, as amended from time to time; or
- c) **The Natural Heritage System** and adjacent lands, as defined in the Township Official Plan;

“Significant Community Tree” means a tree identified and designated by Council as having community significance;

“Tree” or “Trees” means any living species of woody perennial plant, including its root system, which has reached or can reach a height of at least 4.5 meters (14.7 feet) at physiological maturity;

“Tree Preservation Plan” means a plan, prepared by a Qualified Registered Forester or Member or Certified Arborist, for the purpose of protecting and preserving trees on properties where development or disturbance of the natural forest cover is to occur;

“Woodland” or “Woodlands” means a treed area having a quantity of trees of a specific size, as defined in the Forestry Act, RSO 1990, c F.26, as having a total woodland size being determined by measuring the extent of contiguous woodland area across all relevant properties. A woodland may include trees located on multiple properties with a density of at least:

- (i) 1,000 trees of any size, per hectare;
- (ii) 750 trees, measuring over five (5) centimetres in diameter at DBH, per hectare;
- (iii) 500 trees, measuring over twelve (12) centimetres, in diameter at DBH, per hectare; or
- (iv) 250 trees, measuring over twenty (20) centimetres, in diameter at DBH, per hectare;
- (v) But does not include:
 - a) cultivated fruit or nut orchard;
 - b) a plantation established for the purpose of producing Christmas Trees and which is being actively managed and harvested for the purposes for which it was planted, except that this does not refer to plantations that have ceased being managed or harvested for their intended purpose for a period of 15 years or more; or

- c) a bona fide tree nursery that is being actively managed and harvested for the purposes for which it was planted;
- d) a hedgerow or windrow less than 20 meters in width;
- e) land previously cleared and used for agricultural purposes which has become overgrown with young (less than 15 years old) and early successional tree species common on disturbed fields (e.g. Sumac, Hawthorn, Apple, Scots Pine, Poplar, White Birch, Ash) and which is intended to be used again as part of an agricultural operation.

“Woodland Management Permit” means the written authorization from the Officer to injure or destroy trees issued under this By-law.

2. APPLICATION OF THE BY-LAW

- 2.1 This By-law shall apply to the injury or destruction of a cluster of five (5) trees that are 15 centimetres (6 inches) or greater in Diameter at Breast Height (DBH):
- a) in woodlands having an area of one (1) hectare or more;
 - b) which have been designated Significant Community Trees;
 - c) for the purposes of Clear Cutting; or,
 - d) trees within a Sensitive Natural Area, as defined in this By-Law.
- 2.2 Applicants are encouraged to consult with the Officer prior to the submission of any Permit Application.
- 2.3 A tree protection plan may be required to be submitted to the satisfaction of the Officer.

3. GENERAL PROHIBITIONS

- 3.1 No person through their own actions or through any other persons shall injure or destroy any cluster of five (5) trees in a woodland, a sensitive natural area or being a Significant Community Tree unless:
- a) exempted under Section 4 of this By-law; or
 - b) in possession of valid permit issued under this By-law and in accordance with the terms or conditions under a valid permit.
- 3.2 No person through their own actions or through any other person shall:

- a) contravene the terms or conditions of a permit issued under this By-law; or
 - b) fail to comply with an order issued under this By-law.
- 3.3 An Owner is deemed to have knowledge of, to have permitted, and to be liable for actions that violate this By-law that occur on the portion of land over which the owner has control.

4. EXEMPTIONS

- 4.1 This By-law does not apply to:
- 4.2 the injuring or destruction of single trees;
- 4.3 the injuring or destruction of trees that:
- a) are dead;
 - b) are diseased, as identified by a qualified professional;
 - c) pose a hazard to human safety or property; or
 - d) are invasive and threaten good forestry practices and/or environmental management (e.g. Buckhorn, Norway Maple English Hawthorn, White Mulberry, Tree-of-Heaven, Siberian Elm);
- 4.4 activities or matters undertaken by a Conservation Authority on lands owned by a Conservation Authority;
- 4.5 the injuring or destruction of trees that is required to undertake development for which a Building Permit has been issued and has taken into consideration the protection of trees;
- 4.6 the injuring or destruction of trees that is required to install, provide or maintain a driveway of sufficient width for vehicular access to approved development;
- 4.7 the injuring or destruction of trees for the construction of drainage works under the Drainage Act, R.S.O. 1990, c. D.17, as amended;
- 4.8 normal farm practices carried on as part of an agricultural operation which retains existing woodland cover and includes activities such as:
- a) the removal of trees for personal use;
 - b) the removal of trees for farm related uses, such as fence posts and rails;

- c) the removal of fence rows where required;
 - d) but which does not include clear cutting as defined in this By-law;
- 4.9 the injuring or destruction of trees by an owner of a woodland who may harvest, destroy or injure trees for his or her own use provided that:
- a) good forestry practices are employed;
 - b) the injuring or destruction, in that part of the woodland where trees have been injured or destroyed, does not reduce the number of trees per hectare below the number necessary to constitute a woodland as in the Forestry Act;
 - c) the injuring or destruction of trees is not considered clear cutting;
- 4.10 the harvesting, injuring or destruction of trees by a farmer that involves the clearing of all or part of a woodland for agricultural use on land that is owned by the farmer doing the clearing and is part of a farm operation or farm corporation. The clearing shall be carried out in accordance with normal farm practices as defined in the Farming and Food Production Protection Act, 1998, S.O. 1998, c. 1, as amended, provided that the land that is cleared is put into agricultural use within three (3) years of the date on which such clearing commences;
- 4.11 the injury or destruction of a tree(s) for commercial harvesting, where permitted by the applicable zoning by-law, provided that no more than ten (10) cords of wood per one (1) hectare of woodland are removed within a consecutive period of twelve (12) months;
- 4.12 the injury or destruction of a tree(s) undertaken through selective harvesting for personal use, commercial harvesting, or those subject to a Forest Management Plan, proposed in a sensitive natural area and/or woodland; or,
- 4.13 activities listed in section 135 (12) of the Municipal Act, 2001, SO 2001, c. 25 including:
- a) activities or matters undertaken by a municipality or a local board of a municipality;
 - b) activities or matters undertaken under a licence issued under the *Crown Forest Sustainability Act, 1994*;
 - c) the injuring or destruction of trees by a person licensed under the *Surveyors Act* to engage in the practice of cadastral surveying or his or her agent, while making a survey;
 - d) the injuring or destruction of trees imposed after December 31, 2002 as a condition to the approval of a site plan, a plan of subdivision or a consent under section 41, 51 or 53, respectively, of the *Planning Act* or as a requirement of a site plan agreement or subdivision agreement entered into under those sections;

- (e) the injuring or destruction of trees by a transmitter or distributor, as those terms are defined in section 2 of the *Electricity Act, 1998*, for the purpose of constructing and maintaining a transmission system or a distribution system, as those terms are defined in that section;
- (f) the injuring or destruction of trees undertaken on land described in a licence for a pit or quarry or a permit for a wayside pit or wayside quarry issued under the *Aggregate Resources Act*; or
- (g) the injuring or destruction of trees undertaken on land in order to lawfully establish and operate or enlarge any pit or quarry on land,
- (h) that has not been designated under the *Aggregate Resources Act* or a predecessor of that Act; and
- (i) on which a pit or quarry is a permitted land use under a by-law passed under section 34 of the *Planning Act, 2001*, c. 25, s. 135 (12); 2002, c. 17, Sched. A, s. 27 (3, 4).

5. WOODLAND MANAGEMENT PERMIT

- 5.1 The Township of Cavan Monaghan hereby delegates an Officer the authority to issue a Woodland Management Permit under this By-law and to impose such terms and conditions to protect the integrity of the overall woodland.
- 5.2 Every person who intends to injure or destroy trees in a woodland, a sensitive natural area or being a Significant Community Tree, unless exempted under Section 4 of this By-law, shall first complete and submit to the Municipality, an application for a Woodland Management Permit.
- 5.3 The Officer may, at their own discretion, waive the requirement for the Woodland Management Permit where the removal is deemed to be negligible or imperceptible to the integrity of the overall woodland by the Officer.
- 5.4 Each Woodland Management Permit application must be accompanied by the following:
 - i. complete and signed application form as provided by the Township;
 - ii. a plan showing the location of the trees to be injured or destroyed;
 - iii. the required fee as identified in Schedule "A" to this By-law;
 - iv. any additional information as the Officer may require; and
 - v. for applications which proposed to injure, destroy or remove the lesser of 0.5 hectares (2 acres) or 50 trees, a Forest Management Plan, prepared by a registered professional forester or associate member in good standing of the Ontario Professional Forester Association, may be required. The Forest Management Plan will identify on a map or drawing,

the trees to be injured, destroyed or removed and will describe how good forestry practices will be followed should the application be approved;

5.5 Upon review and consideration of the application, an Officer may require:

- a) A tree preservation plan may be required to be submitted to the satisfaction of the Officer.
- b) an environmental impact study (EIS) be prepared by a qualified person, if subject trees are in a sensitive natural area;
- c) an inventory and description of the key features present and their significance, including a reference to all natural heritage features and buffer areas and their associated ecological functions;
- d) a professional opinion by a qualified person as to whether the proposal is acceptable considering potential impacts to natural heritage features and buffer areas and their ecological functions taking into account the relevant policies of the Provincial Planning Statement and the Township Official Plan;
- e) a description of any mitigation required to protect the ecological function of the identified natural heritage features and areas;
- f) where required by the Officer, the Applicant will submit a report prepared by a certified arborist setting out the reasons for the proposed injury and/or destruction of the trees and the Tree Preservation Plan for any trees to be retained;
- g) a description of the proposal and justification for undertaking the tree removal activity in a sensitive natural area;
- h) a survey illustrating the legal boundaries of the property, any easements and or rights-of-way may be required; and
- i) any additional information the Officer may require.

5.6 Upon review and consideration of the application, an Officer may issue a Woodland Management Permit to permit the injuring or destruction of trees in a woodland, provided the injuring or destruction of trees will not reduce the number of trees per hectare below the minimum number of trees per hectare required to meet the definition of woodland as defined in this By-law.

5.7 The Officer may impose conditions on a Woodland Management Permit that relate to but are not restricted to:

- a) the location, number, size, and type of tree to be injured or destroyed;
 - b) the manner and timeframe within which the affected trees are to be injured or destroyed;
 - c) the marking, with paint or other materials, of the trees to be injured or destroyed;
 - d) the qualifications of the persons authorized to injure or destroy the trees;
 - e) the measures to be implemented to mitigate the direct and indirect effect of the injuring or destruction of trees within a sensitive natural area;
- 5.8 The violation of any of the imposed conditions on the permit may lead to its revocation by the Officer and/or fines as outlined in this By-law;
- 5.9 Prior to the injuring, destruction or removal of trees pursuant to the Woodland Management Permit, a copy of the Woodland Management Permit shall be posted and displayed in a prominent location along an open public road at the nearest practical location to the affected site area until the work has been completed.
- 5.10 A Woodland Management Permit shall generally be in effect for one year. A Woodland Management Permit is not transferable. If the activity for which the Permit was issued has not taken place within that one year period, the Woodland Management Permit shall lapse and be of no effect.
- Notwithstanding the foregoing, a Woodland Management Permit may be in effect for longer than one year if a Forest Management Plan has been prepared and approved to guide the management of the subject woodland for a longer period. In such cases, the Woodland Management Permit will remain in effect for the duration the woodland is intended to be managed in accordance with the Woodland Management Plan as approved under the provisions of this By-law; no further Woodland Management Permits will be required.
- 5.11 Prior to the expiry of the Woodland Management Permit, the owner may request, in writing, that the Woodland Management Permit be renewed for a period of up to one year from the date of the original permit. Woodland Management Permits may be renewed one time only.
- 5.12 Where a Woodland Management Permit application has been denied, the Officer will notify the applicant in writing within 20 days of the decision and shall provide reasons for the denial.
- 5.13 A Woodland Management Permit issued under this By-law does not relieve the Owner of any other applicable property boundary, municipal, provincial, or federal by-laws, regulations or requirements (including the Endangered Species Act).

6. CLEAR CUTTING

- 6.1 Every person who intends to injure or destroy trees, in a manner that constitutes clear cutting as defined in this By-law, shall first complete and submit an application for a Woodland Management Permit to the Township.
- 6.2 For applications that seek to clear cut an area of woodland greater than 0.2 hectares (0.5 acres), a public meeting and Council's approval shall be required before the Officer is authorized to issue a Woodland Management Permit. For clarity, this includes the cumulative area of trees to be cut since the date this By-law is enacted.
- 6.3 Within 21 days of receipt of an application for permission to clear cut in a treed area greater than 0.2 hectares (0.5 acres) in size, the Officer shall send written notice of the public meeting to the applicant.
- 6.4 At least 20 days prior to the public meeting, the Township shall erect a public notice sign in a prominent location on the property, along an open road along at the nearest practical location. Notice will be sent to all assessed landowners within 120 metres (400 feet) of the property and to any other such person or agency as the Officer deems necessary.
- 6.5 Upon review and consideration of the application, the Officer shall prepare a Council Report to recommend if the application should be approved and the reasons for the recommendation.
- 6.6 At the public meeting, the applicant and any interested person shall be afforded an opportunity to address the Township Council. Township Council may authorize the Officer to issue the Woodland Management Permit for clear cutting and impose conditions as deemed appropriate, differ the decision or direct the Officer to deny the application.
- 6.7 Where Council directs the Officer to deny the application, the applicant will be notified within 10 business days of Council's decision and such notice will provide reasons for the denial.

7. ORDERS TO DISCONTINUE ACTIVITY

- 7.1 Where an Officer is satisfied that a contravention of this By-law has occurred, the Officer may make an order requiring the person who contravened this By-law or who caused or permitted the injuring or destruction of trees in contravention of this By-law, to remedy such contraventions, which may include one or more measures to rehabilitate the land or Woodland, to plant or replant trees or other measures to the satisfaction of the Officer. The order shall set out:
 - a) the municipal address or the legal description of the land;

- b) reasonable particulars of the contravention;
 - c) the period within which there must be compliance with the order and,
 - d) should the work not be done in compliance with the Order, the Township may have the work done at the expense of the Owner.
- 7.2 An order issued under this By-law may be served personally or by registered mail to the last known address of:
- a) the owner of the woodland; and
 - b) the person identified as injuring or destroying trees.
- 7.3 Where service of an order is made by registered mail, service shall be deemed to have been served on the fifth day after the date the order is mailed.
- 7.4 Where service cannot be carried as per this By-law, the Officer shall place a placard containing the terms of the order in a conspicuous place on the affected lands. The placing of the placard shall be deemed to be sufficient service of the order on the person to whom the order is directed. The placard shall not be removed without the approval of the Officer.

8. WORK ORDERS

- 8.1 Where an Officer believes that a contravention of this By-law has occurred, the Officer may issue an order requiring the person to rehabilitate the land or woodlands, or to plant or replant trees to the satisfaction of the Township.
- 8.2 The order shall set out:
- a) the name and the owner and the municipal address or the legal description of the land;
 - b) reasonable particulars of the contravention;
 - c) the work to be done and the date by which the work must be done;
 - d) a statement that if the work is not done in compliance with the order within a specified time period, the Township may have the work done at the expense of the owner; and,
 - e) contact information of the Officer.
- 8.3 The order may be served in accordance with the service provisions contained in section 7.

9. ADMINISTRATIVE ORDERS AND PENALTIES

- 9.1 A Person who has not complied with an order as per sections 7 and/or 8 may be given a penalty notice as per the Township AMP By-law.
- 9.2 A penalty notice that has not been appealed is final and not subject to review including review by any Court.
- 9.3 In addition to any other remedy, the Officer may cause the work set out in the order as described in sections 7 and/or 8 to be completed at the expense of the person to whom a penalty notice has been given.
- 9.4 Each person that contravenes this By-law by undertaking an activity without a required Permit is, upon issuance of a penalty notice in accordance with the Township AMP By-law, is liable to pay to the Township as per Schedule A of this By-law.
- 9.5 The destruction of five or more trees without or in contravention of a woodland management permit shall be deemed to be a “multiple offence” as provided in the Municipal Act and shall be subject to the per tree penalties prescribed in section 9.4.
- 9.6 In addition to the fines that may be imposed under subsection 9.2 of this By-law, a special fine may be imposed in circumstances where more than 50 trees have been injured or destroyed in contravention of this bylaw. The total amount of the special fines may exceed \$100,000. A special fine shall be calculated on the basis of a fine of not less than \$50.00 and not more than \$1,000 per tree injured or destroyed for each tree in excess of 50 trees injured or destroyed;
- 9.7 The Provincial Offences Act, R.S.O. 1990, c. P.33, as amended, shall continue to apply to contraventions this By law, except that no person that is required to pay an administrative penalty under this By-law pursuant to a Penalty Notice in respect of a contravention of this By-law shall be charged with an offence in respect of the same contravention under the Provincial Offences Act;
- 9.8. Nothing in this By-law shall limit the Municipality's right to enforce this By-law by any other and all legal means.

10. APPEAL OF PENALTY NOTICE

- 10.1 The rules and conditions which apply to appeals of this By-law are as presented in the Township AMP By-law.

11. ADMINISTRATION

- 11.1 If any section or part of this By-law is found by any court of competent jurisdiction

to be illegal or beyond the power of Township Council to enact, such section or part shall be deemed to be severable and all other sections or parts of this By-law shall be deemed to be separate and independent therefrom and to be enacted as such.

11.2 The short title of this By-law is the “Woodland Management By-law”.

11.3 That this By-law shall come into force and effect on **MONTH, DAY, YEAR.**

DRAFT

**Schedule "A" to
By-law No. 2026-XX
Set Fines**

Item	Column 1 Short Form Wording	Column 2 Provision creating or defining offence	Column 3 Set Fine
1	Undertaking an activity without a required Permit.	9.4	\$300

Note: The penalty provision for the offences indicated above is Sections 12.1 of By-law 2026-XX a certified copy of which has been filed, and Section 61 of the Provincial Offences Act, R.S.O. 1990, c. P. 33. **[Pending Approval]**

DRAFT